

Innovating in Urban Green and Blue Infrastructure to Improve the Food-Water-Energy Nexus A Guide for Communities and Subnational Governments

Innovative Governance of Food-Water-Energy Nexus in Cities An IFWEN Training Program 19 August 2021

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About this guide

- What is it: This step-by-step guide is a tool to help you identify and/or adopt *green and blue infrastructure (GBI)* innovations to improve the Food-Water-Energy Nexus (FWEN) in your community.
- Who is it for: public managers, leaders and concerned citizens committed to sustainable development.
- Who developed it: scientists and practitioners gathered in the 3-year project IFWEN Understanding Innovative Initiatives in Food Water Energy Nexus in Cities.
- How to use it: Read. Understand. Ask questions. Interact with peers. Apply.
- At the end of each section interactive opportunity to assess progress.



Introduction

- Context: rapid unplanned urbanization, climate change, biodiversity loss, food, water and energy insecurity.
- Principles and concepts

Urban Green and Blue Infrastructure (GBI) is an **interconnected network** of natural and semi-natural (urban) areas, **including vegetation and water elements**, as well as other environmental features, **integrated with the built environment... its key aspects are connectivity and multifunctionality to benefit urban populations.**

Ecosystem services (ES) are "the benefits people obtain from ecosystems" (MEA 2006).

Innovations are interventions that promote transformation when adopted in new or different contexts.



Urban Green and Blue Infrastructure Typology

Vegetation	Water bodies
Green infrastructure (GI)	Blue infrastructure (BI)
Urban forest	Urban wetlands
Green space	Lakes/Ponds
Urban/Community gardens	Urban river
Street/Urban trees	Constructed wetlands
Urban greening/Greenery	Creeks and streams
Green belt	Coastal ecosystems (mangrove, saltmarsh)
Urban agriculture/Farming	Forested wetland
Peri-urban agriculture/Forest	Streams
Sponge city	Rain gardens
Green roofs	Detention/Stormwater ponds
Living/Green walls	Permeable pavement
Green/Smart buildings	Bioswales
Conservation units (adm)	Urban drainage system



Ecosystem services provided by GBI

Category	Ecosystem services	GBI examples	
Provisioning	Fresh water, food, medicinal resources, raw materials	Urban agriculture, community gardens, green roofs.	
Regulating	Local temperature and air quality, Carbon sequestration and storage, moderation of extreme events, wastewater treatment	Urban forest, green space, urban trees, green belt, living wall, wetlands, detention ponds, permeable pavement, bioswales, rain gardens.	
Cultural	Recreation, health, spiritual experience, sense of place, aesthetics	Urban park, urban forest, streams, forested wetland.	
Supporting	Habitat for species and maintenance of genetic diversity	Urban forest, green space, urban trees, green belt, living wall, wetlands, urban river, streams, mangroves.	



- **1. Getting started:** Where are we?
- Setting up a steering group.
- Identifying the issues and defining the problem statement.
- Framing the problem and engaging stakeholders.
- Identifying and analyzing impacts and affected people.
- Setting the basis for action.

Key inputs: committed staff and leadership.



- 2. Visioning: Where do we want to go and who will get us there?
- Identifying stakeholders and beneficiaries of change.
- Co-defining the vision and setting long-term goals.
- Engaging collaborators.
- Engaging political support.

Key inputs: capacity and collaboration



- **3. Planning:** How to get there and when?
- Establishing the core team.
- Identifying sources and resources.
- Setting priorities, intermediary goals and objectives.
- Defining activities, roles, and timeframe.
- Establishing strategies and scenarios.
- Assessing risks, threats, and alternative pathways.
- Identifying tools and indicators.

Key inputs: clear assignment of tasks and timeframe

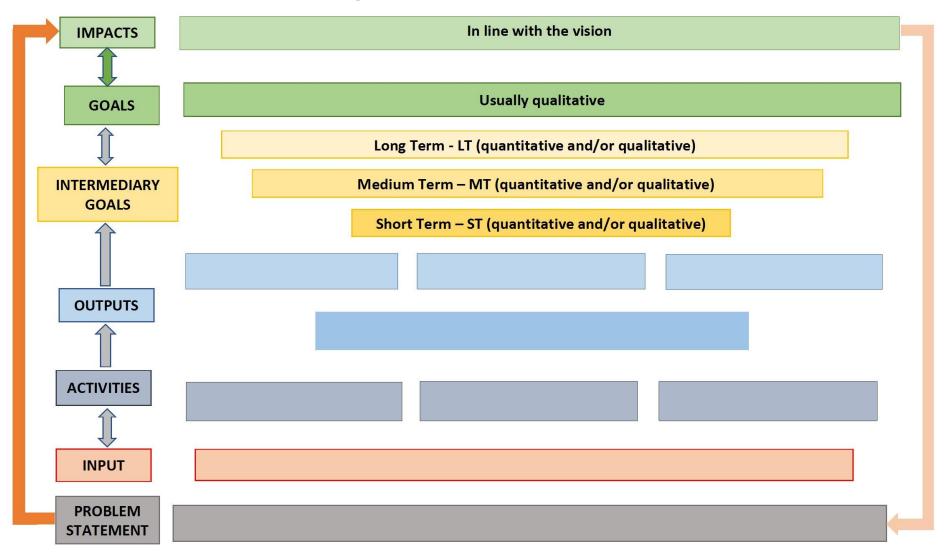


Simplified Logic Model

Inputs	Activities	Outputs	Intermediate outcome 1	Intermediate outcome N	Goals



Logic Model – Results-oriented





- 4. Implementing: Getting there!
- Communicating plans and engaging public support.
- Applying solutions on the ground.
- Testing alternatives.
- Registering progress and results at each step.

Key aspects: communications and follow-up.



- **5. Monitoring and evaluation:** Now what? Assessing results step by step and adjusting course.
- Establishing a monitoring team and/or department internally.
- Establishing third party verification.
- Undertaking midline assessments.
- Reporting progress, results and impacts to stakeholders.
- Registering and communicating progress and results to the general public.
- Feeding back results of M&E into the planning process.
- Revising plans and adjusting course of action.
- Key aspects: transparency and communication.



Additional features

Appendix A

Working tables and exercises per section

Appendix B

Resources and tools

Appendix C

Supplementary information per section

Appendix D

Glossary



Appendix A

Table 3. Examples of urban challenges and solutions

Urban Challenges	Conventional or "grey" solution	Urban GBI solution	Ecosystem services (ES)	Benefits and goods
Food insecurity	Centralized food distribution	Urban agriculture (UA)	Provisioning	Food (fish, game, vegetables, fruit), medicinal plants
			Regulating	
			Cultural/ spiritual	
			Supporting (habitat)	





Antananrivo, Madagascar

Antananarivo Food Market, 2021.

Source:

ICLEI Case Study Series – IFWEN project





Dodoma, Tanzania

Nyerere Square, 2020.

Source:

ICLEI InterAct—Bio Project website





Florianópolis, Brazil

Medicinal plants garden in the Ribeirão da Ilha Community health center, 2021.

Source: City of Florianópolis, Cultiva Floripa program.

http://cultivafloripa.pmf.sc.gov.br





Gangtok, India

Organic Waste Compost Machine.

Photo Source: ICLEI IFWEN Case Study, 2021





Johannesburg, South Africa

School Greening Project, 2016.

Photo Source: Kumba Energy Report on School Greening Project (2016)





Lilongwe, Malawi

Lingazi River greening, 2020

Source: UNA Rivers Project, ICLEI AFRICA





Nagpur, India

Wastewater treatment plant for reuse

Source: Ministry of Power, Government of India, 2020. In ICLEI IFWEN Case studies series





São José dos Campos, Brazil

Alluvial plain protected area.

Source: L.Macedo personal archive, 2019





São Paulo, Brazil

Connecting the Dots: periurban farming and sustainable agriculture project

Source: São Paulo, Urban
Development Municipal
Secretariat, 2019
https://ligueospontos.prefeitura.sp.go
v.br/midia__trashed/galeria-2/





Taipei, Taiwan

Paddy field in primary school using harvested rainwater, 2020

Source: Erich Hellmer, in IFWEN case studies series, 2021



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THANK YOU!

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